POST-2021 CURRICULUM COMPULSORY COURSES

1. SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 101 Introduction to Law and Basic Concepts

Within the framework of this course, firstly, what law is as a whole is introduced in terms of its functions. Thus, the

indispensability of law in social life is emphasized in terms of its meaning in terms of order, meeting social needs

and especially justice. In this way, the differences between law and similar concepts such as morality and custom

are revealed. Then, the characteristics of the various sciences that will investigate law and the relations of legal

sciences with practice are explained.

Theory: 3

Implementation 0

Credit: 3

ECTS: 4

HUK 103 Civil Law I

Within the scope of this course, the initial provisions of the Civil Code and the real and legal persons,

associations and foundations, the person's rights and capacity to act, the beginning and termination of

personality, the right of personality and ways of protection, the classification of rights, the changes brought by

the new Civil Code are explained in comparison with the old regulations.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 2

HUK 105 Constitutional Law I

Within the scope of this course, the general principles and basic concepts of constitutional law are explained,

especially in comparison with liberal western democracies. The topics of the course include the constitution,

making and amending the constitution, constitutionality review, political power, sovereignty, the concept of

state, forms of state, organs of the state, constitutional state and constitutionalism movements, legislative-

executive-judicial appendices, political regimes (government systems), parliamentary government regime,

presidential regime, parliamentary regime, political parties, democracy, elections, election systems, fundamental

rights and freedoms, etc.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 6

HUK 107 Roman Law

In this course, after a brief introduction to the political structure of the Roman Empire; the foundations, history

and sources of Roman Law and Corpus Iuris Civilis will be emphasized. In addition, the effects of Roman

procedural law on the concepts of Civil Procedural Law and the reflections of Roman Property Law concepts in

Modern law will be given. The concept of debt in Roman law, its nature, the subject of debt rights, the

impossibility of performance, the birth of debt, the Roman system of contracts and their types, contract

similarities, debts arising from tort, the transfer and termination of debt rights in Roman law (performance,

release, exchange) The points reached in the field of Roman Law of Obligations and the comparison with the

Turkish-Swiss Law of Obligations system will be given.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 5

ING 101 English I

In this course, students will be able to express themselves in the best way both orally and in writing by using English in

their academic life.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 2

TURK 101 Turkish Language I

Law, as a social and normative science, is largely based on language. It is not possible to understand, interpret and

apply legal texts in a fair and realistic manner without establishing a healthy and accurate level of Turkish

language. For this reason, Turkish language is necessary for all courses of law. Within the scope of the course,

the developmental stages of Turkish language and its place among the world languages, effective use of

language, speaking and writing techniques, the place and effectiveness of language in communication

techniques will be examined.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 2

HIST 101 Atatürk's Principles and History of Turkish Revolution I

In this course, the history of the Turkish War of Independence, foreign relations of Atatürk's period, national

sovereignty and Atatürk's principles and revolutions are explained. In this context, especially the reflections of

the political changes and nationalism movements that developed with the French Revolution on the last years of

the Ottoman Empire and the discussions on the struggles of ideas that emerged in the multi-party constitutional system in the Ottoman Empire before the years of the National Struggle; the new political environment that

developed with the establishment of the Republic and the problems experienced here; the problems experienced

in the process of institutionalization of the dynamic, progressive and Western civilization-oriented state

structure put forward by Atatürk's principles and their reflections in today's Turkey are examined.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 2

2. SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 102 Civil Law II

Within the scope of this course, the basic concepts and institutions of family law such as engagement, marriage, general provisions of marriage, dissolution of marriage, property regimes, paternity, adoption, alimony, custody,

guardianship, trusteeship and legal counseling are explained by supporting practical studies.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 6

HUK 104 Constitutional Law II

Within the scope of this course, Ottoman-Turkish constitutional developments and the freedoms regime

envisaged by the current constitution and the constitutional system in the perspective of the concepts learned in

the General Principles of Constitutional Law course are explained. In particular, the historical development of

Turkish Constitutional Law (Constitutions of 1876, 1921, 1924 and 1961) and the basic principles of the 1982

Constitution, the organization of the legislative, executive and judicial organs and the relations between them,

extraordinary administrative procedures and other institutions regulated in the Constitution and the

establishment and functioning of the Constitutional Court will be discussed.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

HUK 106 History of Turkish Law

In this course, in general, the social, economic, cultural or geographical influences under which the legal rules in

force in the past were formed, which needs these rules emerged to meet, what kind of interactions between

political and social developments and the legal order are discussed. In addition, the historical development of

legal institutions and rules is explained by comparing them with different legal systems. This course is mainly

analyzed under two main headings: - The period after the proclamation of Tanzimat (a mixed period in which

Western law and Islamic law dominated together, which started with the declaration of the Sened-i İttifak and the

Tanzimat), the period after the proclamation of the Republic (a modern period in which Western law and

principles were adopted with the proclamation of the Republic).

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

HUK 108 General Public Law

The formation and development of the concept of state is explained with the views of important thinkers such as

Socrates, Plato and Aristotle on the concepts of state and democracy. Then, the relationship between the

concepts of society, state and law in the Middle Ages and the Modern Age is discussed in the light of the views

of the pioneers of modern thought such as Machiavelli, Thomas Hobbes, John Locke, Rousseau. In addition,

important movements of our time such as globalization are explained in detail.

Theory: 3

Implementation 0

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

ING 101 English II

In this course, students will be able to express themselves in the best way both orally and in writing by using

English in their academic life.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 2

TURK 102 Turkish Language II

Law, as a social and normative science, is largely based on language. It is not possible to understand, interpret and

apply legal texts in a fair and realistic manner without establishing a healthy and accurate level of Turkish

language. For this reason, Turkish language is necessary for all courses of law. Within the scope of the course,

the developmental stages of Turkish language and its place among the world languages, effective use of

language, speaking and writing techniques, the place and effectiveness of language in communication

techniques will be examined.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 2

HIST 102 Atatürk's Principles and Revolution History II

In this course, the history of the Turkish War of Independence, foreign relations of Atatürk's period, National

Sovereignty and Atatürk's Principles and Revolutions are explained.

Theory: 2

 $Implementation \ 0$

Credit: 2

3. SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 201 Law of Obligations (General) I

The content of this course includes general principles of the law of obligations, especially contracts, formation

of contracts, offer and acceptance, capacity to contract, fundamental and non-fundamental error, fraud, threat,

gabin, contractual obligations, freedom to contract, limitation of this freedom in the face of public order and

mandatory provisions, obligations arising from torts and unjust enrichment.

Theory: 3

Application: 2

Credit: 3

ECTS: 6

HUK 203 Administrative Law I

In this course, the concept of administration is defined and the elements and characteristics of Turkish

administrative organization are emphasized. The elements of both centralized administration and decentralized

administration principles are conveyed to the students by taking into consideration the recent legal amendments.

In addition, the concept of public personnel and related rights and obligations and disciplinary law are also

examined in the light of the decisions of the Council of State. The concept of public property is defined and the

legal regime and utilization procedures of public property are explained.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

HUK 205 Criminal Law (General) I

The content of this course consists of the introductory issues of criminal law and the issues related to the application

area of the criminal law. In this context, the function of criminal law, its place in the legal order, the basic concepts of

criminal law, the basic principles of criminal policy, the assurance function of criminal law (the principle of legality

in crime and punishment), the sources of criminal law, the application of criminal law in terms of time, place and

person, and the return of criminals are discussed.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 6

HUK 207 General Law of States I

Within the scope of this course, the course will start with the sources, basic principles and history of the General

Law of States, the relationship of international law with domestic law, the law of treaties, the nature of the state

as the basic subject of international law, the sea, air and land as the sovereignty areas of the state.

Theory: 3

Implementation 0

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

HUK 209 Public Finance

The aim of this course is to teach the fundamentals of public finance, the theory of public goods, public decision-

making and public expenditure and the main approaches in these areas and to provide the basic knowledge

necessary to evaluate developments and problems in these areas.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

4. SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 202 Law of Obligations (General) II

In this course, mainly the performance of debts and the consequences of non-performance, the effect of debts on third parties and the termination of debts are discussed. In addition, special debt relations such as joint and several indebtedness and contingent debts and the concepts of assignment of receivables and transfer of debts are also examined.

Theory: 3

Application: 2

Credit: 3

ECTS: 6

HUK 204 Administrative Law II

In this course, law enforcement and public service issues are examined in depth. In addition, administrative procedures are scrutinized and the characteristics of administrative procedures and their reflections on individuals are explained. Court decisions constitute an important part

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

HUK 206 Criminal Law (General) II

In this course, crime theory and sanction theory are discussed. In this framework, the elements of crime,

culpability, other conditions of punishability, negligent crimes, attempt, participation, aggregation, penalties and

security measures as types of sanctions, reasons that reduce the case and punishment are examined.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 6

HUK 208 General Law of States II

The resolution of international disputes, the use of force by states; the international judicial mechanism as a

peaceful settlement of international disputes, its functioning and importance, the United Nations Organization,

its role, organs and activities will be given as the main subjects of the course. The human rights element in

international law and international humanitarian law will be discussed.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

HUK 210 Tax Law

Sources of tax law and interpretation in tax law, taxation authority, the limits of taxation authority in the

international arena, the concepts of tax duty, tax liability and tax responsibility and the concepts of levy,

notification, accrual, collection as taxation transactions, periods in tax law, the reasons that terminate the tax

debt, securing the tax receivable, remedies in tax disputes, tax crimes and penalties, taxes on income, taxes on

wealth, taxes on expenditures, tax liability, tax trial and trial procedure.

Theory: 3

Implementation 0

Credit: 3

ECTS: 4

5.SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 301 Property Law I

The subject of Property Law I course is real rights, the elements of real rights, the elements of real rights, the aspects that differ from other rights, the concept and nature of possession, the acquisition and loss of possession, the protection of possession, the concept and elements of the land registry, the organization of the land registry and the responsibility of the state, the issue of the validity of the records made in the land registry and the cases of invalidity, the concept and elements of property, the subject and scope of property, property in movable and immovable property, acquisition, loss and encumbrances of property.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

HUK 303 Civil Procedural Law I

In the Civil Procedural Law I course, the application of civil procedural law in terms of place and time, sources, interpretation, prevailing principles; judiciary; courts; judicial officers; litigation; procedural proceedings; parties to the case will be covered.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

HUK 305 Law of Obligations (Private) I

On the basis of the general concepts of the law of obligations, the regulations governing private debt relations,

the criteria based on the distinctions made according to typical, atypical and mixed contract types, contracts for the

sale of movable and immovable property, other types of sales contracts, leases, contracts giving rise to an obligation

to perform, contracts giving rise to a custodial obligation, personal guarantee contracts and partnership contracts

are examined. Special types of contracts such as franchise, factoring and license agreements are discussed.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 3

HUK 307 Commercial Enterprise Law

The aim of the commercial enterprise law courses is to examine the general principles and theories of

commercial law in detail and to make students comprehend them.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 4

HUK 309 Criminal Law (Private) I

In this course, the legal value criterion based on the classification of crimes and various crimes classified in the

penal code accordingly are examined.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 4

HUK 311 Administrative Judiciary

The control mechanisms to which the administration is subject and the administrative judicial procedure are introduced to the students through practical studies. For this purpose, the course covers the administrative jurisdiction authorities, the time limits for filing a lawsuit in administrative jurisdiction, the classification of the courts to be applied in administrative jurisdiction according to the nature of the administrative act, the duties and jurisdiction of these courts, as well as the types of cases in administrative jurisdiction, the implementation of

court decisions, the principles of responsibility and the ordinary and extraordinary remedies.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 4

HUK 313 Philosophy of Law

The main topic of this course is "justice". The philosophical conceptualization of this term will reveal that justice is a demand and injustice is a fact. We will then compare and contrast how this concept is treated by various currents in the philosophy of law. From Aristotle's 'distributive' justice to Bentham's 'utilitarian' justice, from Kant's understanding of justice based on 'respect for human beings' to Rawls' concept of 'fairness', the concept of justice is discussed and analyzed. Finally, the extent to which those living today can be responsible for the injustices committed in the past is discussed by giving examples.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

6. SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 302 Property Law II

The subject of the Property Law II course consists of condominium ownership, which is a special type of

immovable property, movable property, limited real rights, easement rights, immovable burden and pledge

rights.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

HUK 304 Civil Procedure Law II

The subject of the Civil Procedural Law II course is; filing of the lawsuit, response to the lawsuit, investigation,

proof and evidence, decision and judgment, legal remedies, appeal, judicial expenses and legal aid, special trial

procedures, temporary legal protection, arbitration, personal application to the human rights court.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

HUK 306 Law of Obligations (Private) II

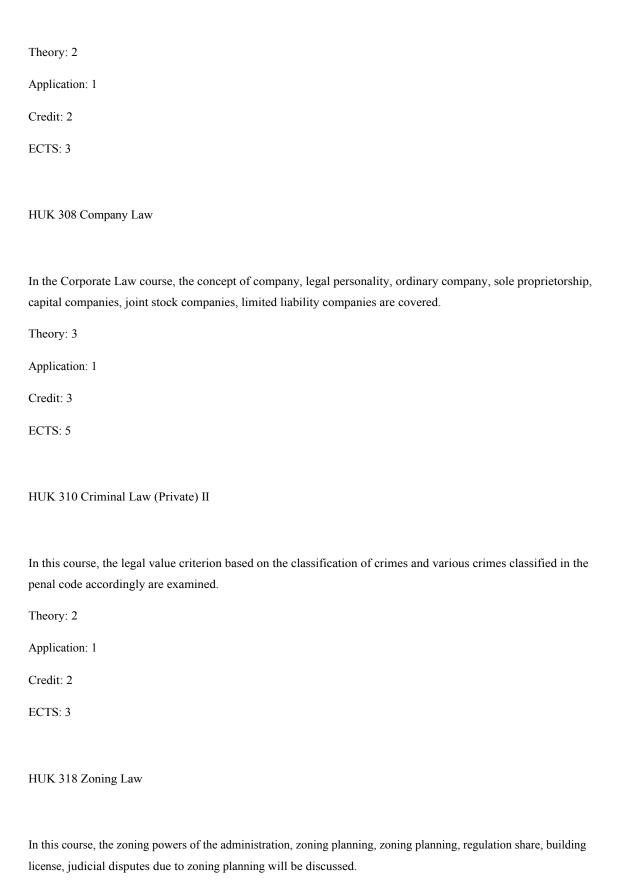
On the basis of the general concepts of the law of obligations, the regulations governing private debt relations,

the criteria based on the distinctions made according to typical, atypical and mixed contract types, contracts for the

sale of movable and immovable property, other types of sales contracts, leases, contracts giving rise to an obligation

to perform, contracts giving rise to a custodial obligation, personal guarantee contracts and partnership contracts

are examined. Special types of contracts such as franchise, factoring and license agreements are discussed.



Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

KPL 101 Career Planning

This course helps students to gain awareness about their interests, personal characteristics and values and to plan a career in line with their future goals.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 2

7. SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 401 Inheritance Law

Inheritance Law deals with the fate of the rights and debts and other legal relations that can be transferred upon the death of a person we call the heir. In this context, the basic concepts of inheritance law (heir, heir, inheritance, probate, succession, etc.), legal heirship, the concept of testamentary disposition and types of testamentary disposition, reserved share, equalization, equalization, inheritance (inheritance), acquisition of inheritance (acquisition) and division of inheritance are examined.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

HUK 403 Enforcement and Bankruptcy Law I

Within the scope of the Execution and Bankruptcy Law, the enforcement bodies, the procedures for the execution of

the judgments given by the courts and the rules applicable in the type of execution without judgment, especially

the execution of negotiable instruments are explained. In this context, general information about enforcement

law, types of enforcement, enforcement organization, complaint, enforcement fees and expenses, notification,

periods, vacation and talik cases, parties of enforcement proceedings, enforcement proceedings through general

attachment, cancellation of objection, removal of objection, negative assessment and reclamation cases,

cancellation and cancellation of enforcement proceedings, declaration of property, Participation in foreclosure

foreclosure, foreclosure procedure, payment of debt in installments, sale, termination of the tender, concepts and institutions of insolvency certificate, foreclosure of bills of exchange, evacuation of leased immovables, enforcement

by writ, foreclosure by foreclosure of pledge, precautionary attachment and enforcement crimes will be explained.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

HUK 405 Criminal Procedure Law I

The content of this course includes the purpose and function of criminal procedure, the sources of this branch of law,

the interpretation of the sources, the application of the rules of criminal procedure in terms of place, time and

person, the conditions of judgment, the function and characteristics of the investigation phase, the subjects of the

investigation phase, the collection of evidence in the investigation phase, protection measures and the conclusion

of the investigation.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

HUK 407 Private Law of States I

The aim of the course is to provide the students with the methods of application of our private international law

rules, especially when the application of foreign laws may be in question. In the first semester, the legal nature and

types of conflict of laws rules in private international law, the concept of attribution, binding rules, fraud against

the law, contradiction of norms and adaptation, preliminary issue, the principle of public order, the element of

foreignness according to Turkish law, the application of foreign law, general doctrines in citizenship law,

general principles in Turkish citizenship law, acquisition and loss of citizenship, proof of citizenship and

judicial remedy are discussed.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

HUK 409 Labor Law

In this course, employee-employer relations, which are the source of labor disputes that occupy a wide area in

practice, will be examined. In this context, historical development of labor law; basic concepts in labor law

(employee, employer, apprentice, trainee, employer representative, subcontractor, workplace and enterprise);

employment contract, elements and types of employment contract, validity and invalidity of employment

contract, basic and side debts arising from employment contract, regulation of work (working time, paid

holidays and annual paid leave), termination of employment contract and its consequences will be explained.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 3

HUK 411 Maritime Trade Law

In the Maritime Law course, the basic concepts of Maritime Law such as ship, captain are examined. The

responsibility of the shipowner and the shipowner is explained. Freight contracts are analyzed. The place and

definition of charterparties within charterparties are examined, with particular emphasis on ship allocation

contracts. First of all, while mentioning ship allocation contracts, the place of charterparties within ship

allocation contracts is determined and defined comparatively. The types of charterparties, their unique features

and common features are examined. Within the scope of the course, the concepts such as carrier, shipper,

shipowner, owner, charterer in charter contracts are filled in and the legal responsibilities of these persons are

mentioned. The type contracts used in practice are translated and evaluated comparatively. Termination of the

freight contract is analyzed.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 3

HUK 413 Negotiable Instruments Law

In the course of the law of negotiable instruments, especially the concept of negotiable instruments, its types, its

formal conditions and provisions, its loss and cancellation, the formal conditions, transfer, payment and

consequences of non-payment in terms of policy, check, bond, bill of receipt and warrant are examined.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

8. SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

HUK 402 Philosophy of Society

In Western universities, the subjects of "society/state/political philosophy" are often taught together. The aim of the

course is to explain these three huge subjects and problem areas in the most appropriate way to the final year

law students. Following the examples of "utopia" in Western thought in Plato, Morus and Campanella, the

"utopian socialist" (Fourier, Saint-Simon) and "socialist" (Marx, Engels) thinkers of the 19th century are

analyzed. The main ideas of Auguste Comte, Emile Durkheim and Max Weber, the founders of sociology, are

discussed. The 20th century evolutionist and conflictualist theories of society as well as the views of Ibn

Khaldun and Ziya Gökalp from the Islamic world are analyzed. Finally, the "Westernization" and "modernization"

adventure of the Republic of Turkey is examined from the perspective of philosophy of society.

Theory: 2

Implementation 0

Credit: 2

ECTS: 3

HUK 404 Enforcement and Bankruptcy Law II

Within the scope of the Execution and Bankruptcy Law, the following subjects are explained: proceedings

through bankruptcy, bankruptcy case, direct bankruptcy cases, abolition of bankruptcy, legal consequences of

bankruptcy, liquidation of bankruptcy, procedures on how the merchant can be bankrupted and concordat,

restructuring of capital companies and cooperatives through reconciliation, liquidation of goods after

bankruptcy and satisfaction of receivables.

Theory: 3

Application: 1

Credit: 3

ECTS: 5

HUK 406 Criminal Procedure Law II

The content of this course consists of the procedures carried out in the prosecution phase of criminal procedure. In this framework, the powers of the criminal court authorized in the prosecution phase in terms of article, place,

person, the qualifications of the judges, independence and impartiality, the connection between the disputes, the

stages and characteristics of the trial phase, legal remedies and special trial procedures are emphasized.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 5

HUK 408 Private Law of States II

In the second semester, the application rules of private international law in personal law, family law, law of descent, law of inheritance, law of property and law of obligations, form and statute of limitations in legal transactions and the principle of lex fori in international procedural law, qualification, relationship with substantive law, international jurisdiction rules, Turkish international jurisdiction system, recognition and enforcement of foreign court decisions, international arbitration, enforcement of foreign arbitral awards, international judicial

assistance, freedom of foreigners to work in Turkey, real estate acquisition rights and inheritance rights are

covered.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

HUK 410 Social Security Law

The concept of Social Security and its historical development, Social Security in international law and European law; Principles and financing of Social Security; Sources of Social Security law, its place in the legal system, reform in the Turkish Social Security System; Application area of social insurances (concept of insured, insurance period), administrative management of social insurances; Financing of social insurances

Premiums as a source; Types of social insurance (work accident and occupational disease insurance, sickness

insurance, disability insurance, old age and death insurance); Unemployment insurance; Right to health and

general health insurance; Private pension; Social assistance and social services are the subject of this course.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 4

HUK 412 Human Rights Law

Meaning and historical development of human rights, Human rights theory, International human rights

supervisory systems, application method to the European Court of Human Rights, jurisprudence of the European

Court of Human Rights, prohibition of discrimination, right to equality, freedom of expression, freedom of

association, religious freedoms, right to elect and be elected, right to education, minority rights, Human Rights

in the EU are the topics to be examined.

Theory: 2

Application: 1

Credit: 2

ECTS: 3

HUK 414 Insurance Law

In this course, the concept of insurance, characteristics of insurance contracts, supervision of insurance

companies, establishment of contracts, rights and obligations of the insurer, rights and obligations of the

insured, termination of the insurance contract, compensation and subrogation of the insurer will be covered.

Theory: 3

 $Implementation \ 0$

Credit: 3